

HCG450FL100E3T1

1000V / 450A E3 (size similar to Easy 3 with Cu Baseplate)

Features

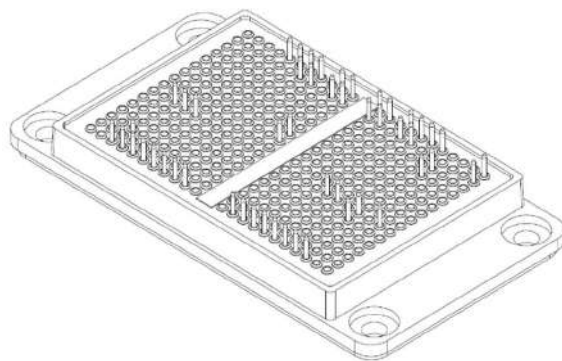
- Neutral Point Clamped Three-Level Inverter Module
- Low Inductive Layout
- Solderable Pins

Benefits

- Higher System Efficiency
- Reduced Cooling Requirements
- Low Conduction Losses Over Temperature

Applications

- Solar Inverters
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies Systems



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Table 1 Absolute maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
IGBT (Q1, Q4)			
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	1000	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	V_{GE}	± 23	V
Continuous Collector Current @ Tc = 65°C, Tj = 175°C	I_C	310	A
Pulsed Collector Current @ Tj = 175°C	I_{CP}	620	A
Junction Temperature	T_j	-40 to +175	°C
IGBT (Q2, Q3)			
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	1000	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	V_{GE}	± 23	V
Continuous Collector Current @ Tc = 65°C, Tj = 175°C	I_C	300	A
Pulsed Collector Current @ Tj = 175°C	I_{CP}	600	A
Junction Temperature	T_j	-40 to +175	°C
IGBT (Q5, Q6)			
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	1000	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	V_{GE}	± 23	V
Continuous Collector Current @ Tc = 65°C, Tj = 175°C	I_C	120	A
Pulsed Collector Current @ Tj = 175°C	I_{CP}	240	A
Junction Temperature	T_j	-40 to +175	°C
DIODE (D1,D2,D3,D4)			
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	1000	V
Continuous Forward Current @ Tc = 65°C, Tj = 175°C	I_F	150	A
Repetitive Peak Forward Current @ Tj = 175°C	I_{FRM}	300	A
I^2t -value@VR = 0 V, tP = 10 ms, Tvj = 150°C	I^2t	3200	A ² s
Junction Temperature	T_j	-40 to +175	°C
DIODE (D5,D6)			
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	1000	V
Continuous Forward Current @ Tc = 65°C, Tj = 175°C	I_F	132	A
Repetitive Peak Forward Current @ Tj = 175°C	I_{FRM}	264	A

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Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
I^2t -value@VR = 0 V, tP = 10 ms, T _{vj} = 150°C	I^2t	1500	A ² s
Junction Temperature	T _j	-40 to +175	°C

INSULATION PROPERTIES

Isolation Test Voltage, t = 1 s, 50 Hz	Viso	4000	V _{RMS}
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RECOMMENDED TEMPERATURE

Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40 to +150	°C

Table 2 Characteristics Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
IGBT (Q1, Q4)							
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	V _{GE} = 15 V, I _C = 400 A	T _J = 25°C	-	1.86	-	V
		V _{GE} = 15 V, I _C = 400 A	T _J = 150°C	-	2.36	-	
Gate–Emitter Threshold Voltage	V _{GE(TH)}	V _{GE} = V _{CE} , I _C = 6.5 mA	T _J = 25°C	-	5.05	-	V
Total Gate Charge	Q _g	V _{GE} = ±15 V, V _{CE} = 600 V	T _J = 25°C	-	2.07	-	μC
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I _{GES}	V _{GE} = 20 V, V _{CE} = 0 V	T _J = 25°C	-	-	100	nA
Collector–Emitter Voltage	V _{(BR)CES}	V _{GE} = 0 V	T _J = 25°C	1000	-	-	V
Collector–Emitter Cutoff Current	I _{CES}	V _{CE} = 1000 V, V _{GE} = 0 V	T _J = 25°C	-	-	100	μA
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{GE} = 0 V, V _{CE} = 20 V, f = 100 KHz	T _J = 25°C	-	24.4	-	nF
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}		T _J = 25°C	-	0.88	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}		T _J = 25°C	-	0.11	-	
Turn-on Delay Time(inductive load)	t _{d on}	V _{GE} = -7 V / +15 V V _{CE} = 650 V I _C = 350 A R _{Gon} = 2.7 Ω R _{Goff} = 20 Ω	T _J = 25°C	-	91	-	ns
			T _J = 150°C	-	82	-	
Rise Time (inductive load)	t _r		T _J = 25°C	-	59	-	
			T _J = 150°C	-	49	-	
Turn-off Delay Time(inductive load)	t _{d off}		T _J = 25°C	-	1264	-	
			T _J = 150°C	-	1333	-	

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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Fall Time (inductive load)	t _f	V _{GE} = -7 V / +15 V	T _J = 25°C	-	112	-	ns
			T _J = 150°C	-	78	-	
Turn-on Switching Loss	E _{on}	V _{CE} = 650 V I _C = 350 A R _{Gon} = 2.7 Ω R _{Goff} = 20 Ω	T _J = 25°C	-	27	-	mJ
			T _J = 150°C	-	19	-	
Turn-off Switching Loss	E _{off}		T _J = 25°C	-	22	-	
			T _J = 150°C	-	20	-	
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Case	R _{thJC}	Thermal grease, λ = 2.8 W/mK		-	0.13	-	°C /W
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Heatsink	R _{thJH}	Thermal grease, λ = 2.8 W/mK		-	0.24	-	°C /W

DIODE (D5,D6)

Diode Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 225\text{ A}$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.92	-	-	V
		$I_F = 225\text{ A}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.75	-	-	
Reverse Recovery Time	T_{RR}	$V_{GE} = -7\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 650\text{ V}$ $I_C = 350\text{ A}$ $R_{Gon} = 2.7\ \Omega$ $R_{Goff} = 20\ \Omega$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	27	-	ns
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	28	-	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{RR}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.54	-	μC
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.83	-	
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I_{RRM}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	36.2	-	A
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	50.3	-	
Reverse Recovery Energy	E_{RR}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.05	-	μJ
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.13	-	
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Case	R_{thJC}	Thermal grease, $\lambda = 2.8\text{ W/mK}$	-	0.26	-	-	$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Heatsink	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease, $\lambda = 2.8\text{ W/mK}$	-	0.35	-	-	$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$

IGBT (Q2, Q3)

Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 400\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.30	-	V
		$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 400\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.41	-	
Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(TH)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 6.5\text{ mA}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	5.01	-	V
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	3.68	-	μC
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GES}	$V_{GE} = 20\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	nA
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1000	-	-	V
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 1000\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	μA

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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ KHz}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	57	nF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.88	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.27	
Turn-on Delay Time(inductive load)	t_{don}	$V_{GE} = -7\text{ V} / +15\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 650\text{ V}$ $I_C = 350\text{ A}$ $R_{Gon} = 2.7\ \Omega$ $R_{Goff} = 40\ \Omega$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	172	ns
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	153	
Rise Time(inductive load)	t_r		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	56.6	
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	57.1	
Turn-off Delay Time(inductive load)	t_{doff}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	3909	
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	4301	
Fall Time(inductive load)	t_f		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	175	
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	139	
Turn-on Switching Loss	E_{on}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	10.4	mJ
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	13.3	
Turn-off Switching Loss	E_{off}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	64.5	
			$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	68.3	
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Case	R_{thJC}	Thermal grease, $\lambda = 2.8\text{ W/mK}$	-	0.14	-	$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Heatsink	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease, $\lambda = 2.8\text{ W/mK}$	-	0.24	-	$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$

IGBT (Q5, Q6)

Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 400\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.63	-	V
		$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 400\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	3.42	-	
Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(TH)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 3.25\text{ mA}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	5.1	-	V
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.03	-	μC
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GES}	$V_{GE} = 20\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	nA
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1000	-	-	V
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 1000\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	μA
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ KHz}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	12.2	-	nF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.44	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.06	-	

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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Turn-on Delay Time(inductive load)	$t_{d\ on}$	$V_{GE} = -7\ V / +15\ V,$ $V_{CE} = 650\ V,$ $I_C = 350\ A,$ $R_{Gon} = 2.7\ \Omega,$ $R_{Goff} = 40\ \Omega$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	83	-	ns
			$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	-	87	-	
Rise Time(inductive load)	t_r		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	169	-	
			$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	-	130	-	
Turn-off Delay Time(inductive load)	$t_{d\ off}$		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	983	-	
			$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	-	1140	-	
Fall Time(inductive load)	t_f		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	178	-	mJ
			$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	-	98	-	
Turn-on Switching Loss	E_{on}		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	39.5	-	
			$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	-	43.9	-	
Turn-off Switching Loss	E_{off}		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	-	28.6	-	mJ
			$T_J = 150^{\circ}C$	-	27.7	-	
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Case	R_{thJC}	Thermal grease, $\lambda = 2.8\ W/mK$		-	0.28	-	$^{\circ}C / W$
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Heatsink	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease, $\lambda = 2.8\ W/mK$		-	0.41	-	$^{\circ}C / W$

INVERSE DIODE (D1, D2, D3, D4)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Diode Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F = 225 A	T _J = 25°C	-	2.43	-	V
		I _F = 225 A	T _J = 150°C	-	2.51	-	
Reverse Recovery Time	T _{RR}	V _{GE} = -7 V / +15 V V _{CE} = 650 V I _C = 350 A R _{Gon} = 2.7 Ω R _{Goff} = 40 Ω	T _J = 25°C	-	293	-	ns
			T _J = 150°C	-	335	-	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{RR}		T _J = 25°C	-	8.5	-	μC
			T _J = 150°C	-	17.3	-	
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I _{RRM}		T _J = 25°C	-	50	-	A
			T _J = 150°C	-	88	-	
Reverse Recovery Energy	E _{RR}		T _J = 25°C	-	2.9	-	mJ
			T _J = 150°C	-	6.3	-	
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Case	R _{thJC}	Thermal grease, λ = 2.8 W/mK		-	0.26	-	°C /W
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-Heatsink	R _{thJH}	Thermal grease, λ = 2.8 W/mK		-	0.37	-	°C /W

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Table 3 NTC-Thermistor

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Rated Resistance	R ₂₅	T _C = 25°C	-	5	-	kΩ
Deviation of R ₁₀₀	ΔR/R	T _C = 100°C, R ₁₀₀ = 493 Ω	-5	-	5	%
Power Dissipation	P ₂₅	TNTC = 25°C	-	-	60	mW
B-value	B _{25/50}	B (25/50), tolerance ±3%	-	3375	-	K
B-value	B _{25/100}	B (25/100), tolerance ±3%	-	3433	-	K

Table 4 Module Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Stray Inductance	L _{CE}		-	15	-	nH
Mounting Torque Screw:M5	M		3.0	-	5.0	N.m
Creepage distance	terminal to heatsink			11.5		
Clearance	terminal to heatsink			9.4		
CTI				≥600		
Flatness of base plate					0.3	mm
Weight				250		g

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Typical Characteristics

Fig.1 Output characteristic IGBT, Q1 / Q4 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$$

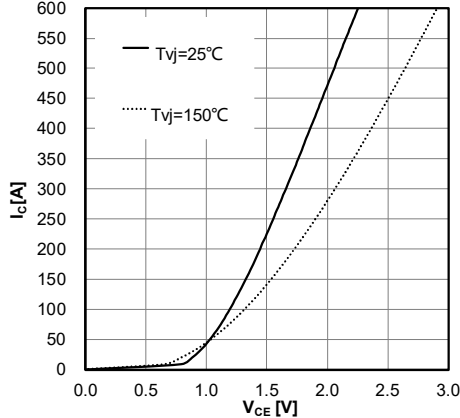


Fig.2 Output characteristic IGBT, Q1 / Q4 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

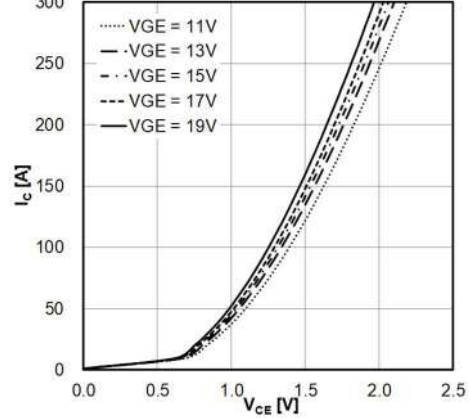


Fig.3 Transfer characteristic IGBT, Q1 / Q4 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

$$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$$

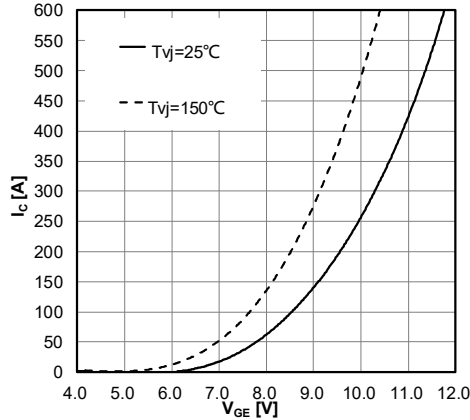


Fig.4 Transient thermal impedance IGBT (Q1, Q4)

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t)$$

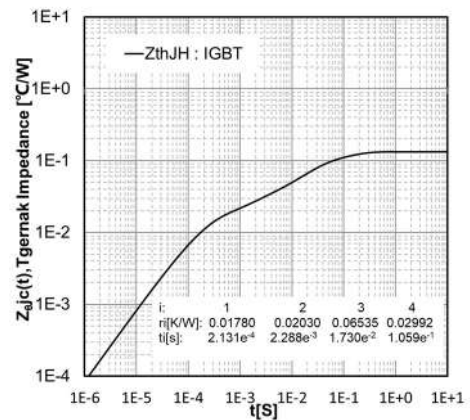


Fig.5 Output characteristic IGBT, Q2 / Q3 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$$

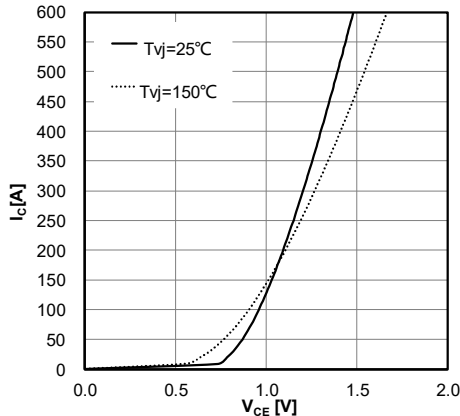
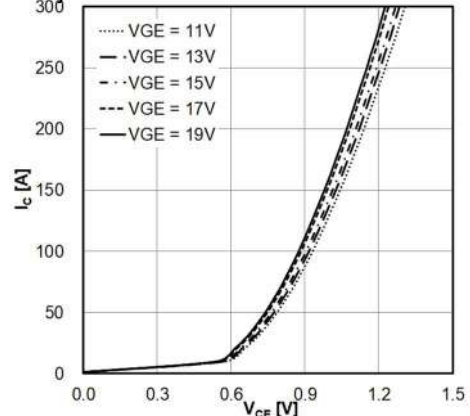


Fig.6 Output characteristic IGBT, Q2 / Q3 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$$



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Typical Characteristics

Fig.7 Transfer characteristic IGBT, Q2 / Q3 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

$$V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$$

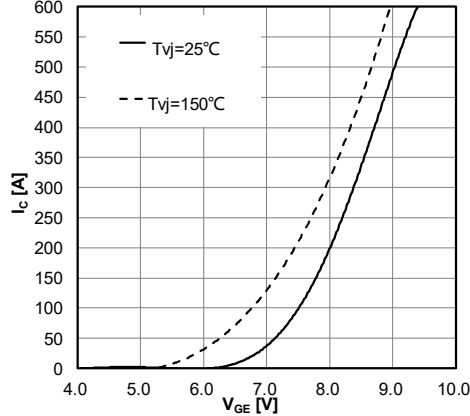


Fig.8 Transient thermal impedance IGBT (Q2, Q3)

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t)$$

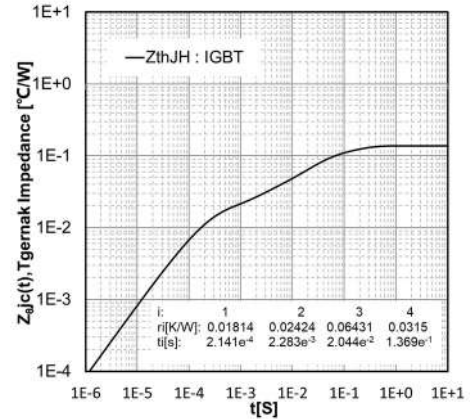


Fig.9 Output characteristic IGBT, Q5 / Q6 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$$

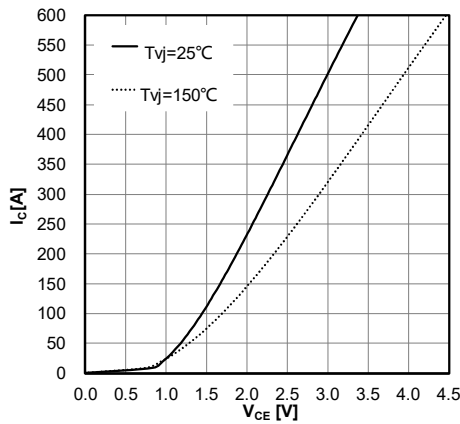


Fig.10 Output characteristic IGBT, Q5 / Q6 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

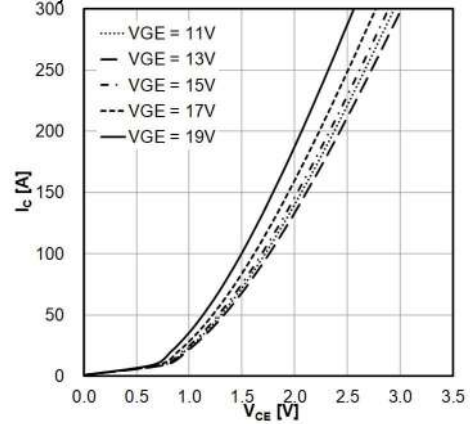


Fig.11 Transfer characteristic IGBT, Q5 / Q6 (typical)

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

$$V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$$

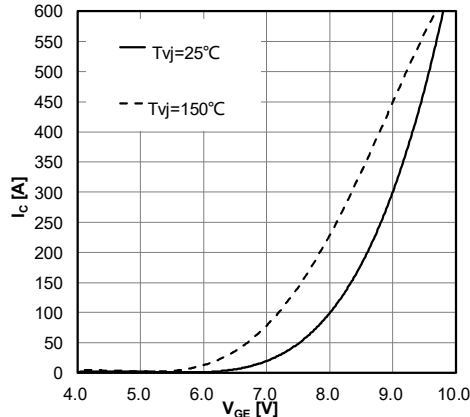
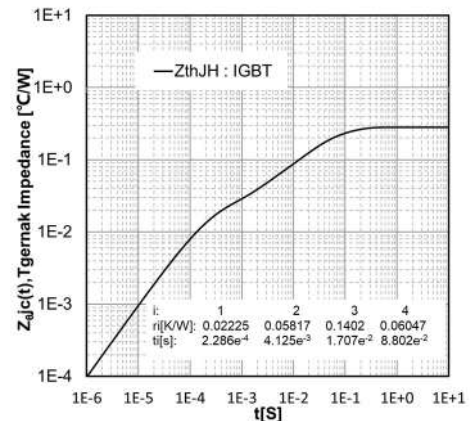


Fig.12 Transient thermal impedance IGBT (Q5, Q6)

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t)$$



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Typical Characteristics

Fig.13 Forward characteristic of Diode, D1 / D2 / D3 / D4 (typical)

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

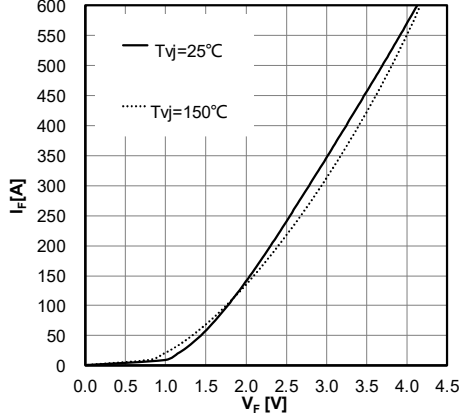


Fig.14 Forward characteristic of Diode, D5 / D6 (typical)

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

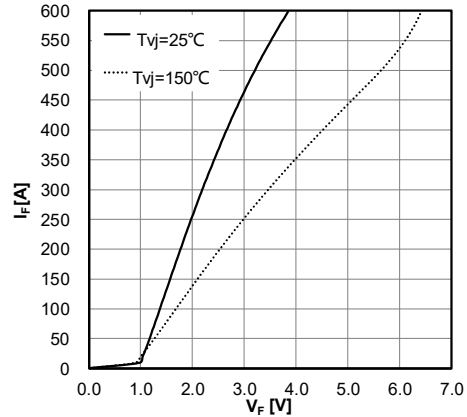


Fig.15 Transient thermal impedance Diode (D1, D2, D3, D4)

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t)$$

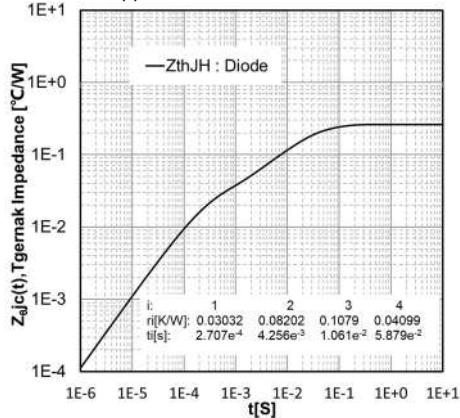
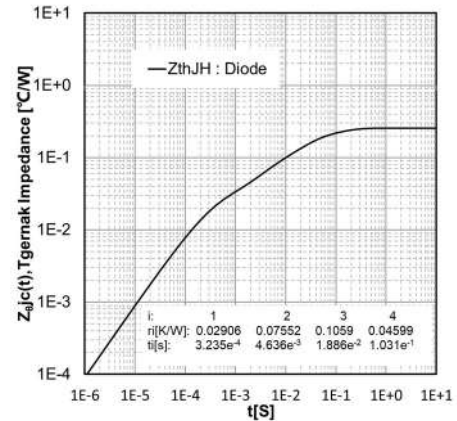


Fig.16 Transient thermal impedance Diode (D5, D6)

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t)$$



Q1 || D5 or Q4 || D6

Fig.17 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{on} = f(I_c), E_{off} = f(I_c)$$

$V_{GE} = +15\text{ V} / -7\text{ V}$, $R_{Gon} = 2.7\ \Omega$, $R_{Goff} = 20\ \Omega$, $V_{CE} = 650\text{ V}$

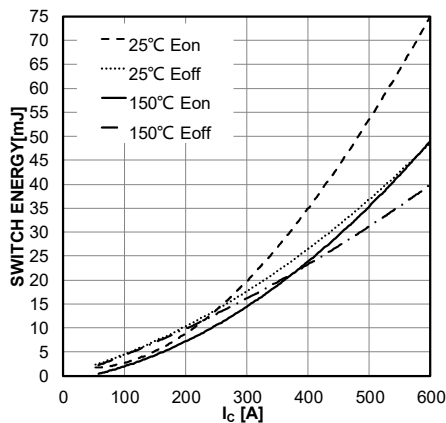
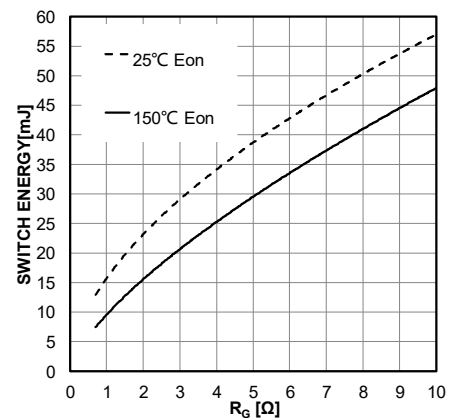


Fig.18 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{on} = f(R_G)$$

$V_{GE} = +15\text{ V} / -7\text{ V}$, $I_c = 350\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 650\text{ V}$



HCG450FL100E3T1

1000V / 450A E3 (size similar to Easy 3 with Cu Baseplate)

Typical Characteristics

Fig.19 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{off}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

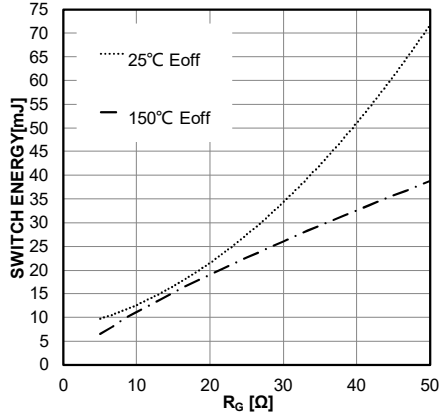


Fig.20 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{rec}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

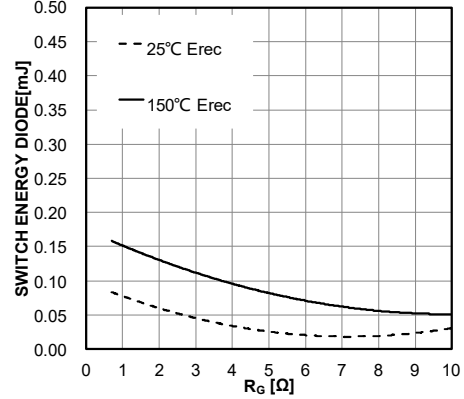


Fig.21 switching losses Diode (typical)

$$E_{\text{rec}} = f(I_F)$$

$$R_{Gon} = 2.7 \text{ Ω}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

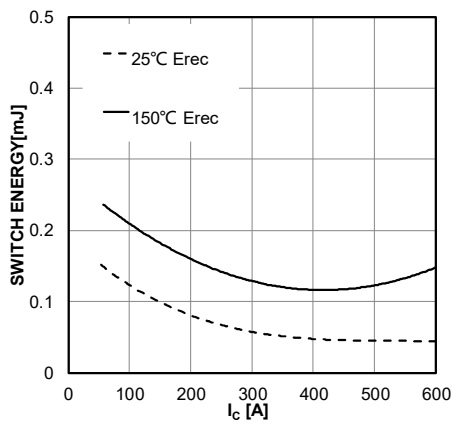
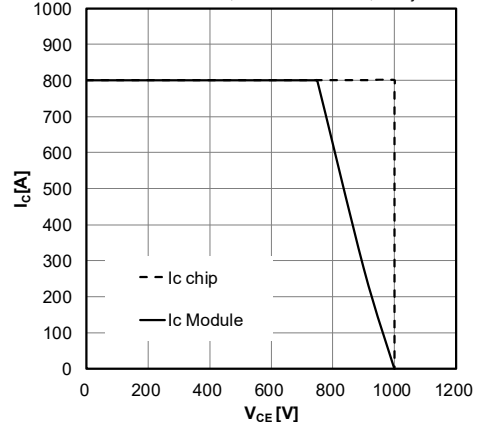


Fig.22 Reverse bias safe operating area IGBT, Q1 / Q4 (RBSOA)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, R_{Goff} = 20 \text{ Ω}, T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$$



Q2||D5 or Q3||D6

Fig.23 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{on}} = f(I_C), E_{\text{off}} = f(I_C)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, R_{Gon} = 2.7 \text{ Ω}, R_{Goff} = 40 \text{ Ω},$$

$$V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

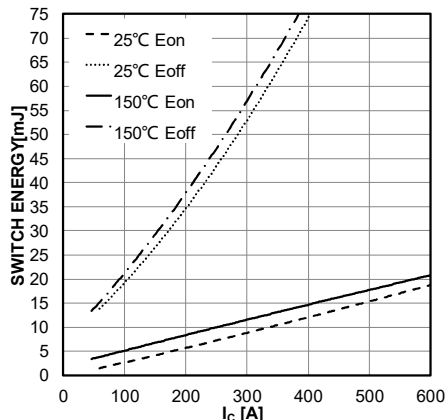
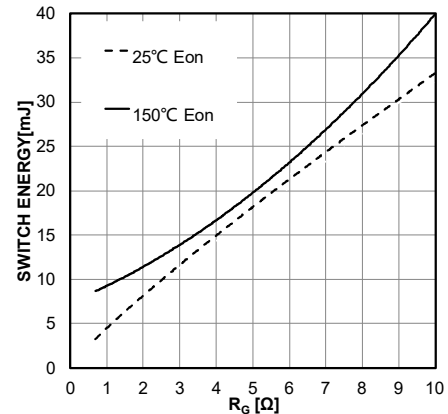


Fig.24 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{on}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$



HCG450FL100E3T1

1000V / 450A E3 (size similar to Easy 3 with Cu Baseplate)

Typical Characteristics

Fig.25 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{off}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

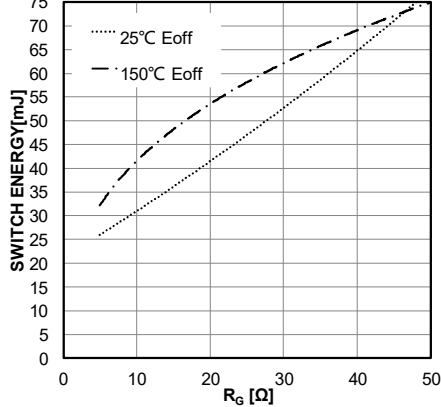


Fig.26 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{REC}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_F = 350 \text{ A}, V_R = 650 \text{ V}$$

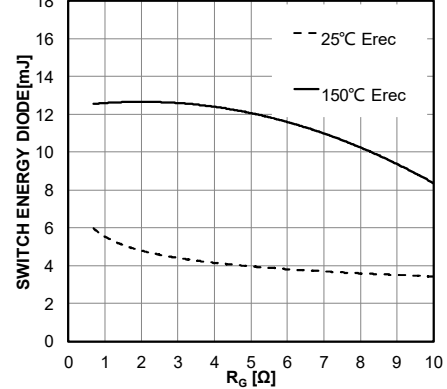


Fig.27 Switching losses Diode (typical)

$$E_{\text{rec}} = f(I_F)$$

$$R_{\text{Gon}} = 2.7 \Omega, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

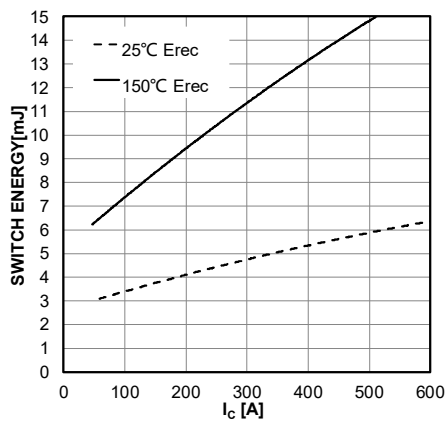
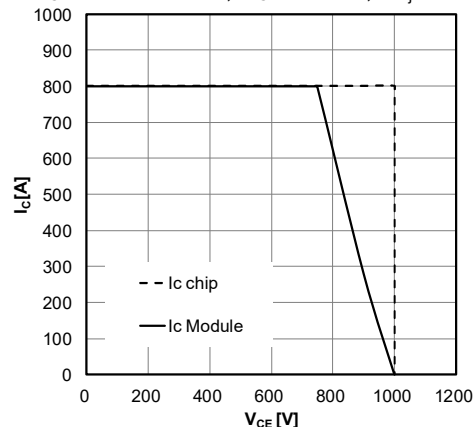


Fig.28 Reverse bias safe operating area IGBT, Q1 / Q4 (RBSOA)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, R_{\text{Goff}} = 20 \Omega, T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$$



Q5||D1 or Q6||D4

Fig.29 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{on}} = f(I_C), E_{\text{off}} = f(I_C)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, R_{\text{Gon}} = 2.7 \Omega, R_{\text{Goff}} = 40 \Omega,$$

$$V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

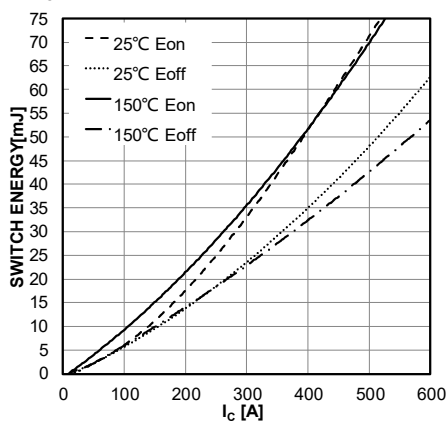
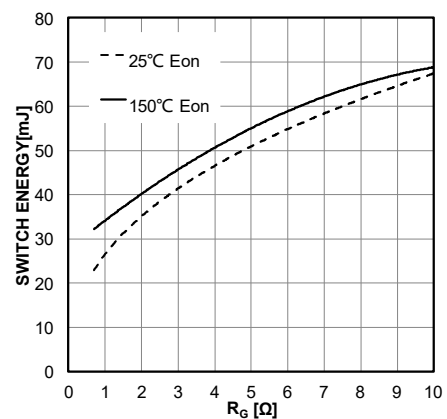


Fig.30 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{on}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$



HCG450FL100E3T1

1000V / 450A E3 (size similar to Easy 3 with Cu Baseplate)

Typical Characteristics

Fig.31 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{off}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

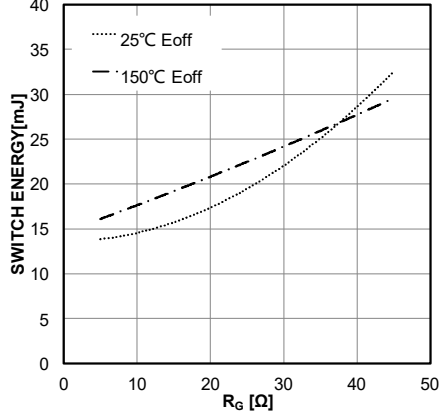


Fig.32 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{REC}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_F = 350 \text{ A}, V_R = 650 \text{ V}$$

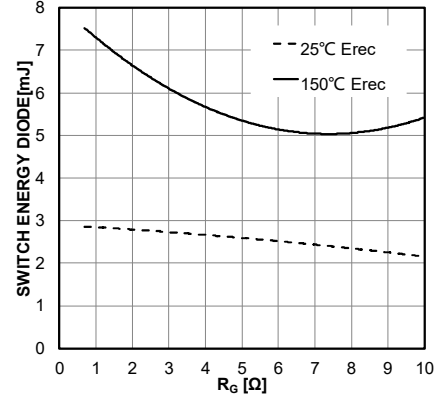


Fig.33 Switching losses IGBT, Inverter (typical)

$$E_{\text{off}} = f(R_G)$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, I_C = 350 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$$

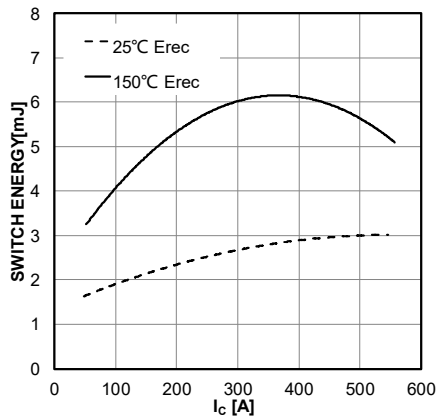


Fig.34 Reverse bias safe operating area IGBT, Q5 / Q6 (RBSOA)

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

$$V_{GE} = +15 \text{ V} / -7 \text{ V}, R_{G\text{off}} = 20 \Omega, T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

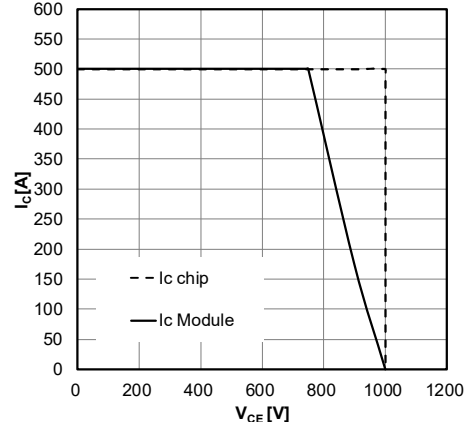
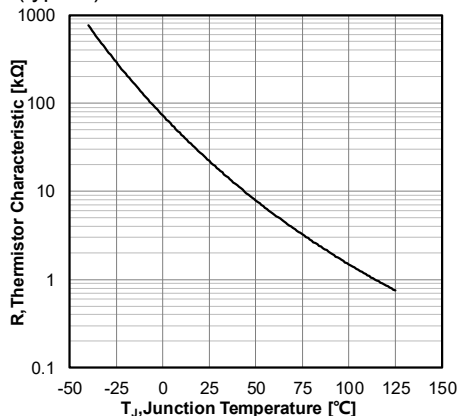


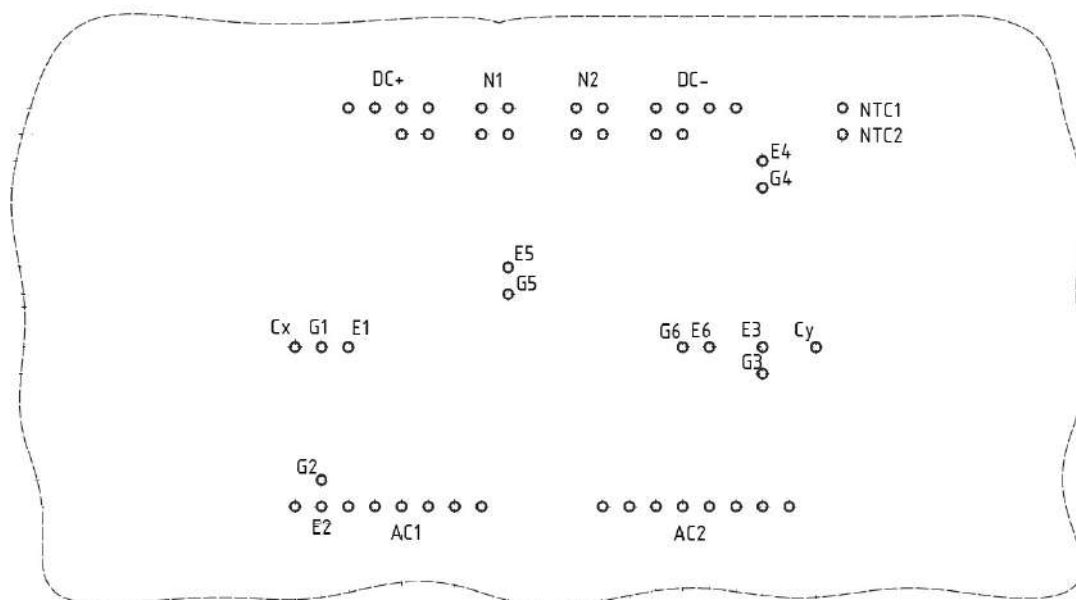
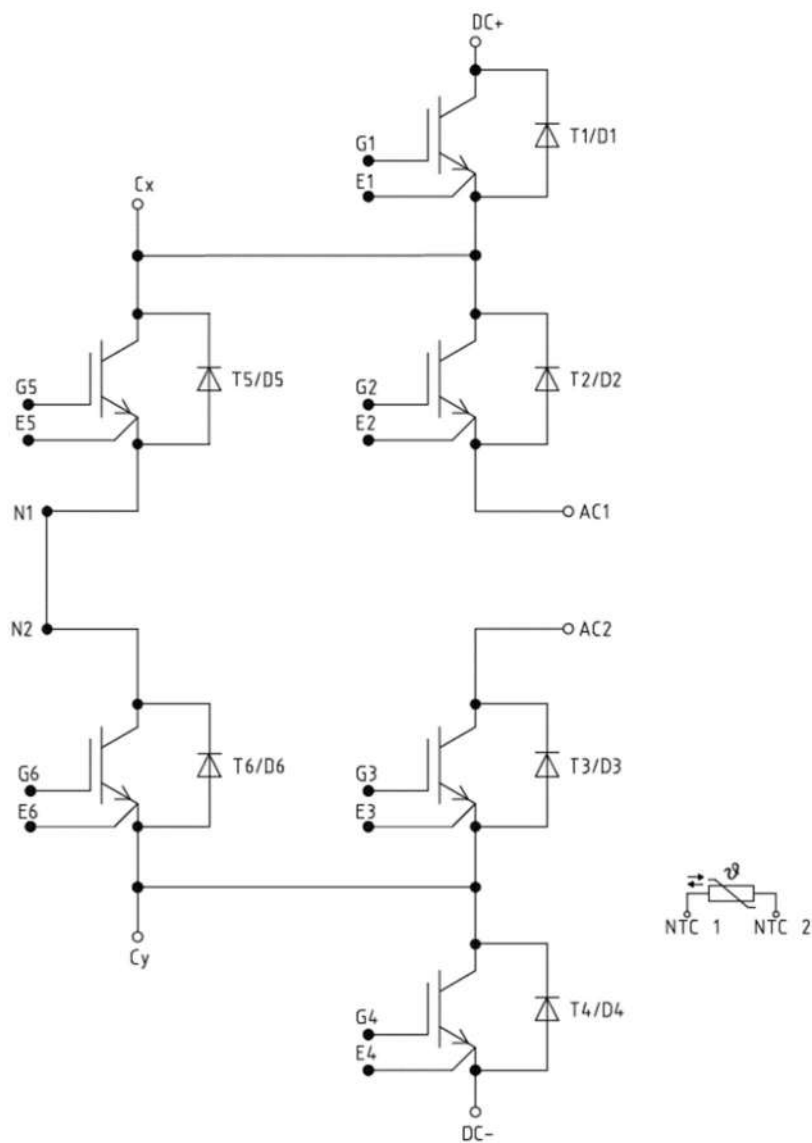
Fig.35 NTC-Thermistor-temperature characteristic (typical)



HCG450FL100E3T1

1000V / 450A E3 (size similar to Easy 3 with Cu Baseplate)

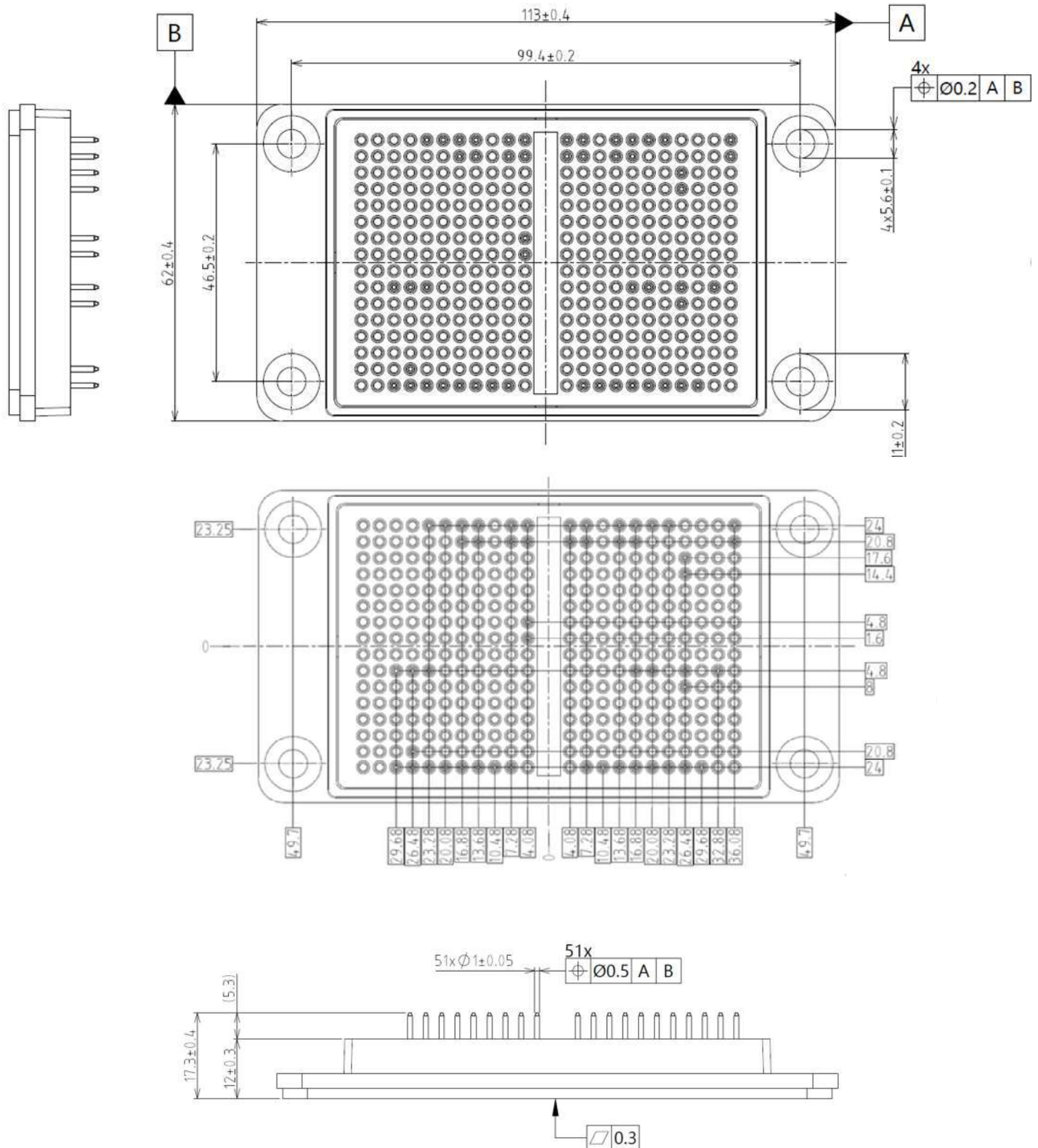
Circuit Diagram



HCG450FL100E3T1

1000V / 450A E3 (size similar to Easy 3 with Cu Baseplate)

Package Outlines



Revision History

Document Version	Description of Changes
RevX.0.1	Released

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